#### AHA FOUNDATION STUDY FINDINGS ON FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION IN THE U.S.

# MAINE

## **STATE DATA**

Based on 2015-2019 American Community Survey population estimates.



Women and girls with ancestral ties to countries where FGM/C is practiced

971 Women and girls who were likely LIVING WITH FGM/C

317 Girls who were likely AT RISK of FGM/C

#### STATE LEGISLATION AND POLICY LANDSCAPE

STATUS No FGM/C Legislation

IMPROVE BY ADDING Comprehensive Anti-FGM/C Legislation

**aha**foundation

TheAHAFoundation.org

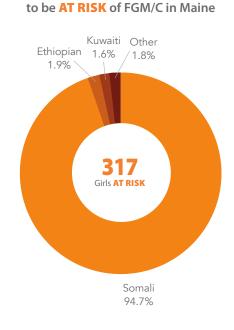
# SUMMARY

FGM/C prevalence was estimated at 47.8% within the study population in Maine with 85% of the impacted population in the state identifying as Somali.

It is estimated that **672** women were living with Type 3 FGM/C in Maine. While all survivors may require some level of medical and mental health support, those living with Type 3 would likely require additional medical attention.

95% of those impacted by FGM/C in Maine live in the greater Portland-South Portland and Lewiston-Aubum metropolitan areas.

# ETHNIC BREAKDOWN



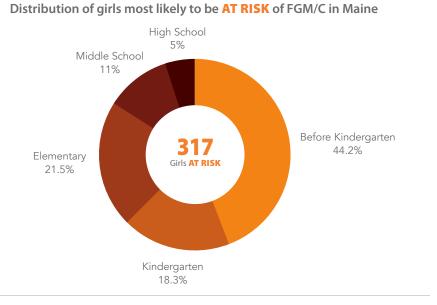
Ethnic breakdown of girls most likely

# **STATE PREVALENCE RANKING**





### **AGE DISTRIBUTION**



#### **SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION**

# Counties with the highest **STUDY POPULATION | LIVING WITH | AT RISK** population

Cumberland	1,421	594	180
Androscoggin	825	290	126
York	103	30	-
Penobscot	42	14	2
Hancock	76	8	2
Knox	55	6	1
Waldo	54	6	1
Lincoln	48	5	1

# Metropolitan Areas with the highest **STUDY POPULATION | LIVING WITH | AT RISK** population

Portland-South Portland, ME	1,534	625	181
Lewiston-Auburn, ME	825	290	126
Bangor, ME	42	14	2

## **CALL TO ACTION**

Interventions tailored to the specifics of the context.

State legislators should prioritize passing comprehensive anti-FGM/C legislation.

Prevention and response interventions should focus on the greater Portland-South Portland and Lewiston-Aubum metropolitan areas.

Child Protection should focus on **Somali** girls between the ages of 5 and 15.

All estimates are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error.

For more granular prevalence data contact info@theahafoundation.org

scan to access the full report

